

VAPCO PRODUCTS, INC.

Safety Data Sheet HPG Cleaner

SECTION 1: Identification

GHS Product identifier

Product name

HPG Cleaner

Product number

HPG-1Q

Brand

Vapco

Supplier's details

Name

Vapco Products, Inc.

Address 401 Marshall Road

Valley Park, Missouri 63088

United States

Telephone

(636) 923-2121

Fax

(636) 923-3002

email

info@VapcoProducts.com

Emergency phone number

(800) 255-3924

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS classification in accordance with: OSHA (29 CFR 1910.1200)

- Eye damage/irritation, Cat. 1
- Skin corrosion/irritation, Cat. 1B
- Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Cat. 3

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement(s)

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage H314

May cause respiratory irritation H335

Precautionary statement(s)

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. P260 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/sprav. P261

Wash hands and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling. P264

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P271

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P280

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P301+P330+P331

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse P303+P361+P353

skin with water/shower.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P304+P340

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove P305+P351+P338

contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor if exposed or concerned. P310

Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. P312 Specific treatment (see First Aid on this label). P321 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P363

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403+P233

Store locked up. P405

Dispose of contents/container to the specifications of local, regional, P501

national, and international regulations.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Hazardous components

1. Butoxyethanol

1 - 10 % (weight) Concentration 203-905-0 EC no. CAS no. 111-76-2 603-014-00-0 Index no.

2. Sodium metasilicate pentahydrate

1 - 10 % (weight) Concentration 229-912-9 EC no. 6834-92-0 CAS no. 014-010-00-8 Index no.

3. Triphosphoric acid, pentasodium salt

1 - 10 % (weight) Concentration 231-838-7 EC no. 7758-29-4 CAS no.

4. Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C10-16-alkyl derivs., sodium salts

0.1 - 1 % (weight) Concentration

EC no. 268-356-1

CAS no.

68081-81-2

5. Sodium xylenesulfonate

Concentration

0.01 - 0.1 % (weight)

EC no. CAS no. 215-090-9 1300-72-7

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

Description of necessary first-aid measures

General advice Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell,

seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

If inhaled First, take proper precautions to ensure your own safety before attempting

rescue (e.g. wear appropriate respiratory protective equipment, use the buddy system), then remove the exposed person to fresh air. Keep at rest in

a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention.

In case of skin contact Immediately drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes.

Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Obtain medical attention if

irritation develops or persists.

In case of eye contact Immediately rinse with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention

if irritation develops or persists.

If swallowed Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Symptoms/Injuries: Harmful if inhaled. Causes serious eye and skin irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Contact causes severe irritation with burns. Dermatitis may occur due to long-term irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of conjunctiva.

Contact with gas/liquid escaping the container can cause permanent eye damage.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Note to physician: The absence of visible signs or symptoms of burns does not reliably exclude the presence of actual tissue damage.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, fog, carbon dioxide (CO2), alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical, or sand. Use appropriate media for surrounding fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Reactivity: May react with chemically active metals and acids.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Use dry chemical, foam, or carbon dioxide (CO2). Do not breathe fumes from fire or vapors

from decomposition. Do NOT fight fire when fire reaches containers. Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion. Shut off all sources of igniton. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Wear NIOSH-approved Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus with a full face piece operated in a positive pressure demand mode with full body protective clothing when fighting fires.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon, sodium and silicon oxides.

Further information

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drain or water courses.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General Measures: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors, spray, mist, gas. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking.

For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.

For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedure: Eliminate ignition source first, then ventilate the area. Evacuate unnecessary personnel, isolate, and ventilate area. Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

Environmental precautions

Prevent entry into sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

For Containment: Ventilate area. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent further migration and entry into sewers or streams. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources. Ventilate area. Stop the ignition source of the release, if safe to do so. Consider the use of water spray to disperse vapors. Isolate the area until gas has dispersed. Ventilate and gas test area before entering. Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

Waste Disposal: Dispose of in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations. Containers may be hazardous when empty. Do not flame cut, braze, or weld.

RCRA Status: Product should be fully characterized prior to disposal (40 CFR 261).

Reference to other sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Do not pressurize, cut, or weld containers.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe gas, mist, spray, vapors. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Do not spray on open flame or other ignition source.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

Other Precautions: Keep out of reach of children. Follow label instructions. Vapors may collect in low lying area.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool place. Keep only in the original container in a cool, well-ventilated place away from ignition sources. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store locked up/in a secure area. **Incompatible Materials:** Strong acids.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

CAS: 111-76-2 (EC: 203-905-0)

Butoxyethanol

20 ppm, 97 mg/m3 PEL inhalation; ACGIH (USA): 20 ppm TLV® inhalation; 20 ppm TWA inhalation; Cal/OSHA: 20 ppm PEL inhalation; NIOSH: 5 ppm REL inhalation; 5 ppm, 24 mg/m3 TWA inhalation; OSHA: 50 ppm PEL inhalation; 240 mg/m3 PEL inhalation; 50 ppm, 240 mg/m3 TWA inhalation

Appropriate engineering controls

Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof equipment. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use only outdoors or in well-ventilated area. Ensure all local, regional, national, and international regulations are observed. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Pictograms











Eye/face protection

Chemical safety goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection. Respiratory protection of the dependent type.

Skin protection

Wear protective gloves and clothing.

Body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Wear protective gloves. Chemical resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.

Respiratory protection

Use a NIOSH-approved Self-Containing Breathing Apparatus whenever exposure may exceed established Occupational Exposure Limits.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Appearance

Liquid Clear liquid

Color

Odor

Odor threshold

Melting point/freezing point

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range

Flammability

Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit

Flash point

Auto-ignition temperature
Decomposition temperature

nН

Kinematic viscosity

Solubility

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)

Vapor pressure Evaporation rate

Density and/or relative density

Relative vapor density

Particle characteristics

N/A

Further safety characteristics (supplemental)

Volatile Organic Compounds: 5% Dielectric Strength (Volts): N/A

Blue

Bland odor

N/D

< 32°F (0°C)

> 212°F (100°C)

Not considered a flammable liquid by OSHA (29CFR

1910.1200)

N/D

N/D

N/D N/D

10.5-12.5

N/D

Completely soluble in water

N/D

23.8 mmHg at 77°F (25°C)

< 0.8 (Slow)

1.02 at 77°F (25°C)

1 (Air=1)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Chemically active metals and acids.

Chemical stability

Stable

Possibility of hazardous reactions

None known.

Conditions to avoid

Chlorine-liberating material. Do not mix with bases, ammonia, or other cleaning compounds.

Incompatible materials

Strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition products

Oxides of carbon, sodium and silicon.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

The ATE (gas inhalation) of the mixture is: 45000 ppmV The ATE (oral) of the mixture is: 4545.45 mg/kg bw

2-Butoxyethanol

LD50 Oral - Rat - 880 mg/kg

LD50 Skin - Rabbit - 1,060 mg/kg

LD50 Intraperitoneal - Rat - 220 mg/kg

LD50 Intravenous - Rat - 307 mg/kg

LD50 Oral - Rat - 470 mg/kg

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - 450 ppm

LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - 1,474 mg/l - 96 h

EC50 - Daphnia magna (water flea) - 1,550 mg/l - 48 h

EC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) - 1,840 mg/l - 72 h

LC50 - Daphnia magna (water flea) - 1,550 mg/l - 48 h

LC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) - 911 mg/l - 72 h

Dodecylbenzene sodium sulfonate

LD50 Oral - Rat - 1090 mg/kg

Sodium phosphate, tribasic

LD50 Oral - Rat - > 2,000 mg/kg

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - > 0.39 mg/l - 4 h

LD50 Skin - Rabbit - 4,640 mg/kg

LD50 Oral - Rat - 3,120 mg/kg

EC50 - Daphnia magna (water flea) - >100 mg/l - 48 h

EC50 - Daphnia magna (water flea) - 277 mg/l - 48 h

Sodium xylenesulfonate

LD50 Oral - Rat -male and female - >= 7,200 mg/kg

LD50 Oral - Rabbit -male and female - > 2,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe burns, prolonged contact will destroy tissue.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes severe burns, stinging, redness, swelling, and may cause corneal damage, blindness. Burning may not be immediately painful or visible.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

May cause irritation (possible severe), chemical burns, upper respiratory damage, and pulmonary edema.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified.

Carcinogenicity

Not classified.

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified.

STOT-single exposure

Causes severe burns, prolonged contact will destroy tissue.

STOT-repeated exposure

Dermatitis may occur due to long-term irritation. Upper respiratory damage, chemical burns, and pulmonary edema. Potential loss of sight.

Aspiration hazard

Not classified.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

2-Butoxyethanol

LD50 Oral - Rat - 880 mg/kg

LD50 Skin - Rabbit - 1,060 mg/kg

LD50 Intraperitoneal - Rat - 220 mg/kg

LD50 Intravenous - Rat - 307 mg/kg

LD50 Oral - Rat - 470 mg/kg

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - 450 ppm

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Sodium xylenesulfonate

LD50 Oral - Rat -male and female - >= 7,200 mg/kg

LD50 Oral - Rabbit -male and female - > 2,000 mg/kg

Persistence and degradability

Component or components of this product are not biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential

This product is not expected to bioaccumulate.

Mobility in soil

This product is mobile in soil.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Product disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Waste treatment

RCRA Status: Product should be fully characterized prior to disposal (40 CFR 261).

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Sewage disposal

Avoid release into the environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

Other disposal recommendations

Container may remain hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

SECTION 14: Transport information

DOT (US)

UN Number: UN1719

Class: 8

Packing Group: III

Proper Shipping Name: Caustic alkali liquids, n.o.s.

IMDG

UN Number: UN1719

Class: 8

Packing Group: III

Proper Shipping Name: Caustic alkali liquids, n.o.s.

IATA

UN Number: UN1719

Class: 8

Packing Group: III

Proper Shipping Name: Caustic alkali liquids, n.o.s.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

California Prop. 65 Components

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)

Chemical name: Triphosphoric acid, pentasodium salt

CAS: 7758-29-4

Chemical name: Diphosphoric acid, tetrasodium salt

CAS: 7722-88-5

Chemical name: Ethanol, 2-butoxy-

CAS: 111-76-2

Chemical name: Benzenesulfonic acid, dimethyl-, sodium salt

CAS: 1300-72-7

Canadian Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)

Chemical name: Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -(nonylphenyl)- ω -hydroxy-, branched, phosphates, potassium salts

CAS: 68584-47-4

Massachusetts Right To Know Components

Chemical name: Sodium phosphate, tribasic

CAS number: 7758-29-4

Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether

CAS: 111-76-2

New Jersey Right To Know Components

Pentasodium triphosphate CAS-No. 7758-29-4

Common name: TETRASODIUM PYROPHOSPHATE

CAS number: 7722-88-5

Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether

CAS: 111-76-2

Sodium xylenesulphonate CAS-No. 1300-72-7

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

Chemical name: Triphosphoric acid, pentasodium salt

CAS number: 7758-29-4

Chemical name: Diphosphoric acid, tetrasodium salt

CAS number: 7722-88-5

Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether

CAS: 111-76-2

Sodium xylenesulphonate

CAS-No. 1300-72-7

SARA 302 Components

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

SARA 313 Components

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether

CAS: 111-76-2

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

All chemicals are listed or exempt.

SECTION 16: Other information

N/A = Not applicable; N/D = Not determined

Further information/disclaimer

To the best of our knowledge, information contained herein is accurate. However there is no assumption of liability for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazard which exists. The information contained in this SDS was obtained from current and reliable sources; however, the data is provided without warranty, expressed or implied, regarding its correctness or accuracy. Since the conditions of handling, storage and disposal of this product are beyond the control of the manufacturer, the manufacturer will not be responsible for loss, injury, or expense arising out of the products improper use. No warranty, expressed or inferred, regarding the product described in this SDS shall be created or inferred by any statement in this SDS. Various government agencies may have specific regulations regarding the transportation, handling, storage, use, or disposal of this product which may not be covered by this SDS. The user is responsible for full compliance.

Preparation information

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